

Powering the Energy Transition with Al Comment les techniques d'apprentissage artificiel contribuent à la transition énergétique

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The business of the energy transition

Mega-trends



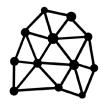
Decarbonization

Increase of renewable energy sources: variable, dependent on weather



Monitor and analyze asset performance Forecast generation to mitigate uncertainty

Business requirements



Energy Management Systems

Distributed resources: solar panels, batteries, IoT, edge, demand response



Plan and orchestrate distributed energy systems in a **uniform set of interfaces** anytime, anywhere, on any device



Data & Artificial Intelligence

Data explosion due to IoT, smart meters, etc. and maturity of cloudbased technologies



Integrate and curate data to create insights **Put the data to work** thanks to data science, artificial intelligence



Predictive maintenance for thermal power plants

Condition-Based Maintenance is not sufficient

Fluctuating electricity production by wind and solar plants imposes a **very dynamic operating behavior** of thermal plants. These various operating modes inherently **affect the performance** of thermal plant **core equipment** (valves, feed water pumps, etc.). Moreover, because of the age of the infrastructures, thermal plants face challenges to implement **resilient maintenance strategies** in order to improve **asset availability** and **reliability**.

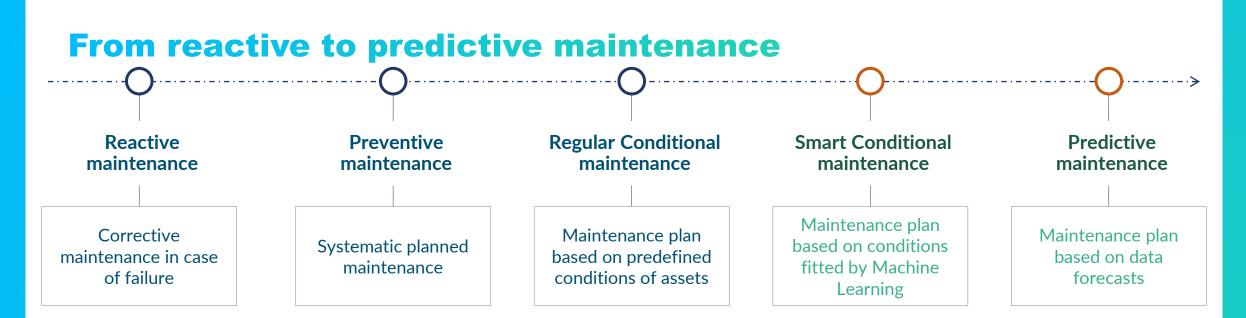


3 mains issues for thermal plants

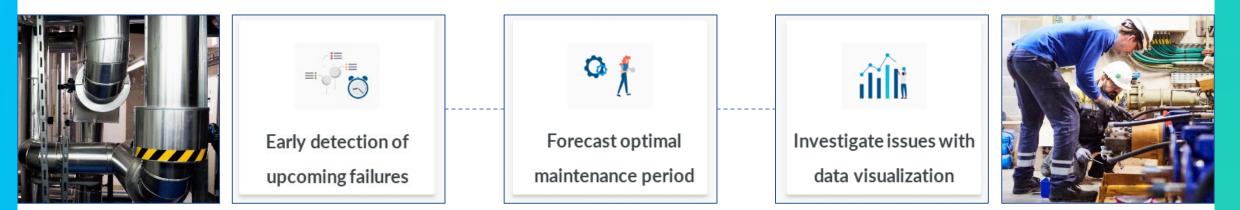
Detect failures earlier in order to avoid unplanned shutdown Reduce the **spare part lead time** in case of equipment degradation or malfunction Clearly **understand the impact** of operating changes on the **integrity of critical equipment**

The current condition-based monitoring strategy isn't enough anymore to avoid failure or even unplanned repair stops





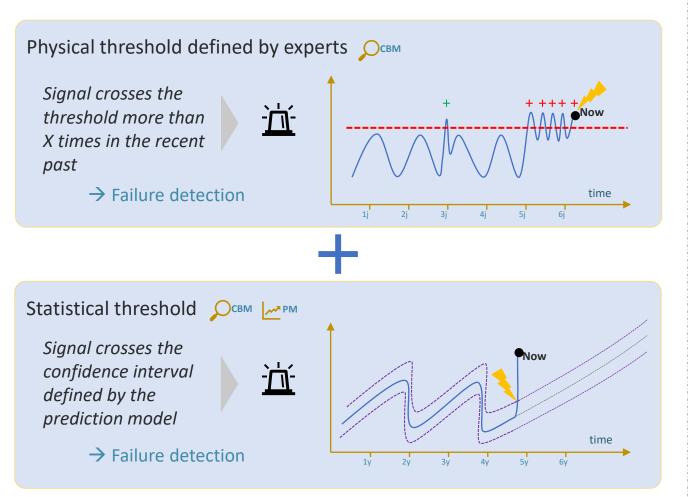
Why Predictive Maintenance?



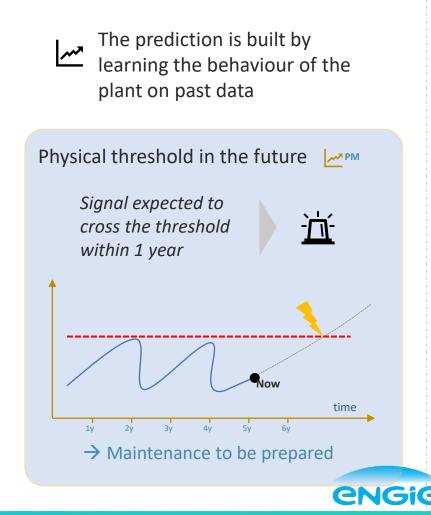


Anomaly detection & alerting systems

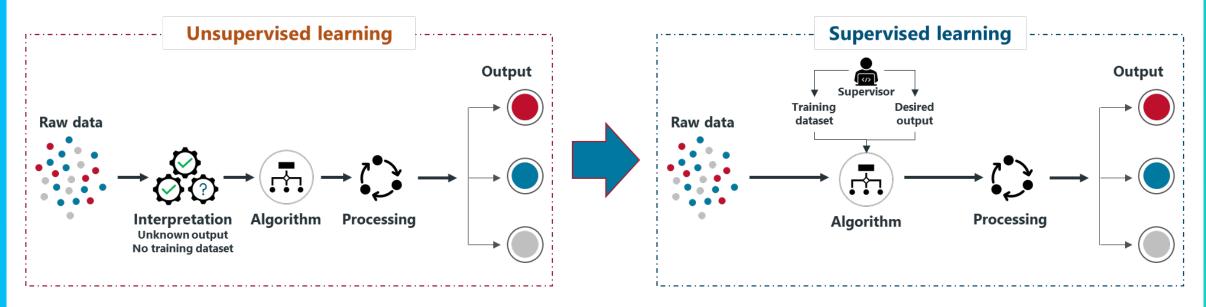
Current Health Alerts



Future Health Alerts



Machine learning approach



Our choice

Because we have the capacity to identify ruptures in raw data (maintenances and valves changes), we opt for **Supervised approach**:

- Rely on a process of labeling in order to "understand" information
- Developers and Data Scientists keep full control over the algorithms
- Give more accurate and stable models than unsupervised learning



What about wind and solar? Access power plant weather and production forecast

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🕔 : Time 🔖 : Cost 🛛 🎗 : Quality 📾 : Income 🔺 : Risk 🏼 🎽 : HSE

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= Darwin	Omalite de avantectare - El sucrementare -	🍣 (HEMORON) - 👔	Benefits:
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Jewite Meteorie Meteorie Para Para Para Li Jala Conti Li Jala	Comment and Comme		Target us
	Inclusion 17/4 18/4 19/4 20/4 23/4 26/4 29/4	 Consistent the display 	Data : D production
	Wind direction at 50m (*) ① 222.07 243.54 245.57 245.54 245.97 245.18 245.17 Wind direction at 80m (*) ① 2		Scope :

Product features





Value proposition:

Access detailed weather forecast and production forecast for individual plant or fleet. Access graph, map and table views Select timescales and time zone.

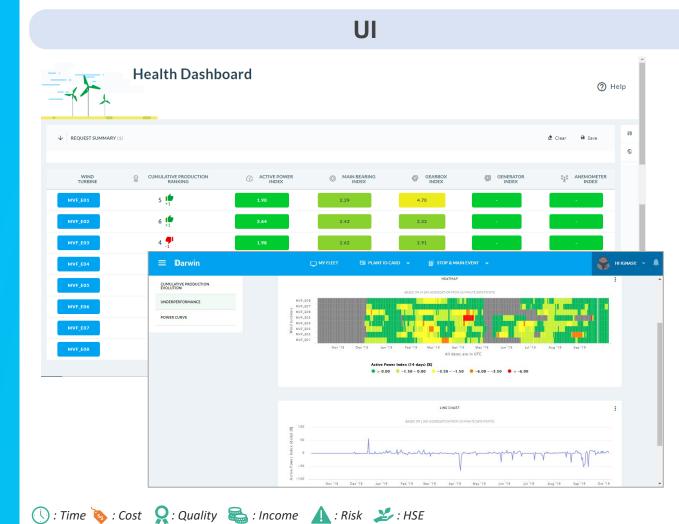
Target users: Plant operator, Plant manager

Data : Dark Sky, Meteologica, Meteomatics, Darwin production forecast (Wind only)





Machine learning to detect underperformance and anticipate failures



Product features

Benefits :





Value proposition:

Detect underperformance and implement predictive maintenance actions thanks to the detection of deviation to normal behavior

Product based on machine learning algorithms



Target users: Plant manager, analysts, maintenance engineer, plant engineer

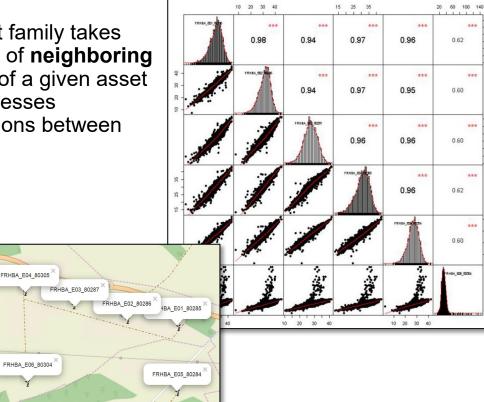


Data : Plant historical data

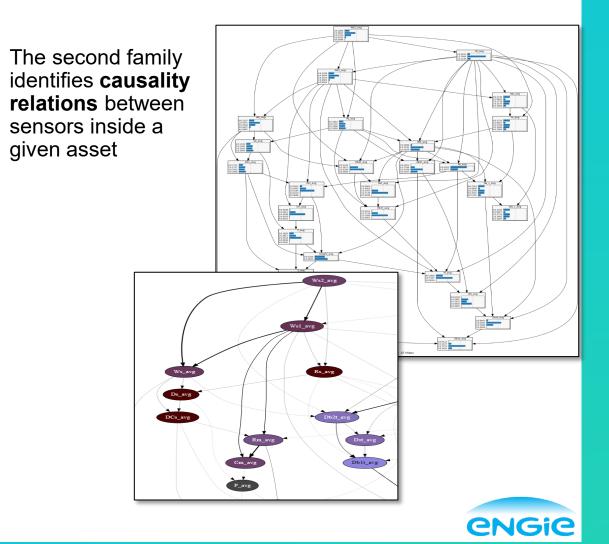


Traditional machine learning techniques

The first family takes account of **neighboring** assets of a given asset and assesses correlations between them



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Global anomaly detection value proposition

Increase Renewable Assets performance by detecting anomalous behaviors, which can lead to under-performance, linking them to failure modes and managing the full resolution workflow by the operational users



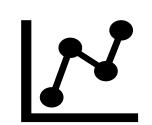
Operational User Centric

Actionable alerts and incident case management



Holistic anomaly detection

Holistic model training complementing the current specialized approach



Reduced data-science work

One model fits all tags, reducing the amount of Data Science work

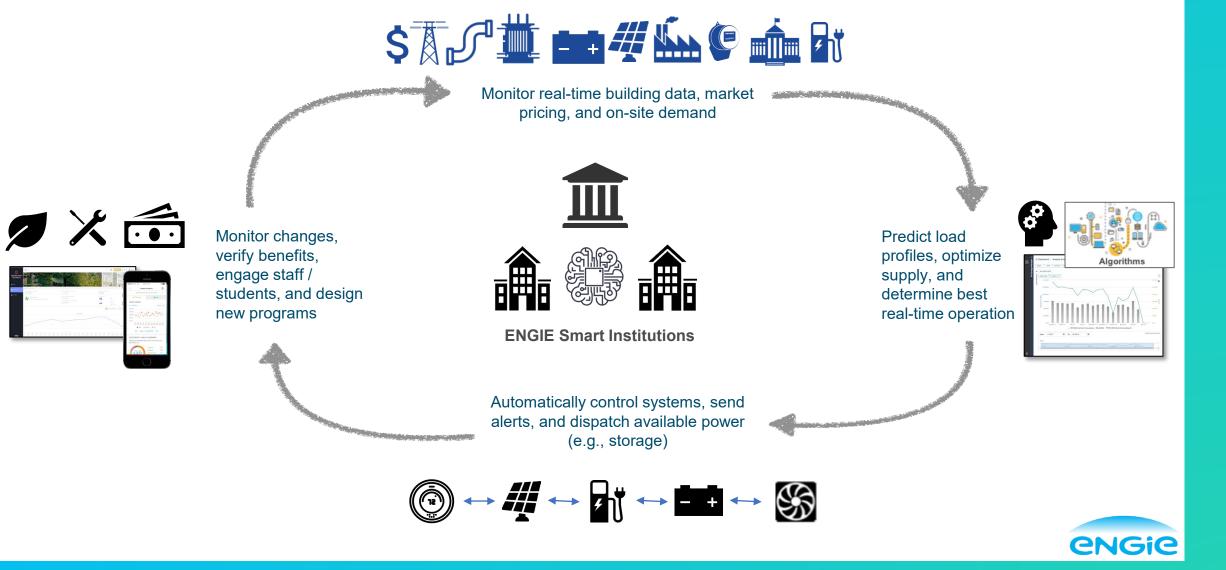


Futureproof and interoperability

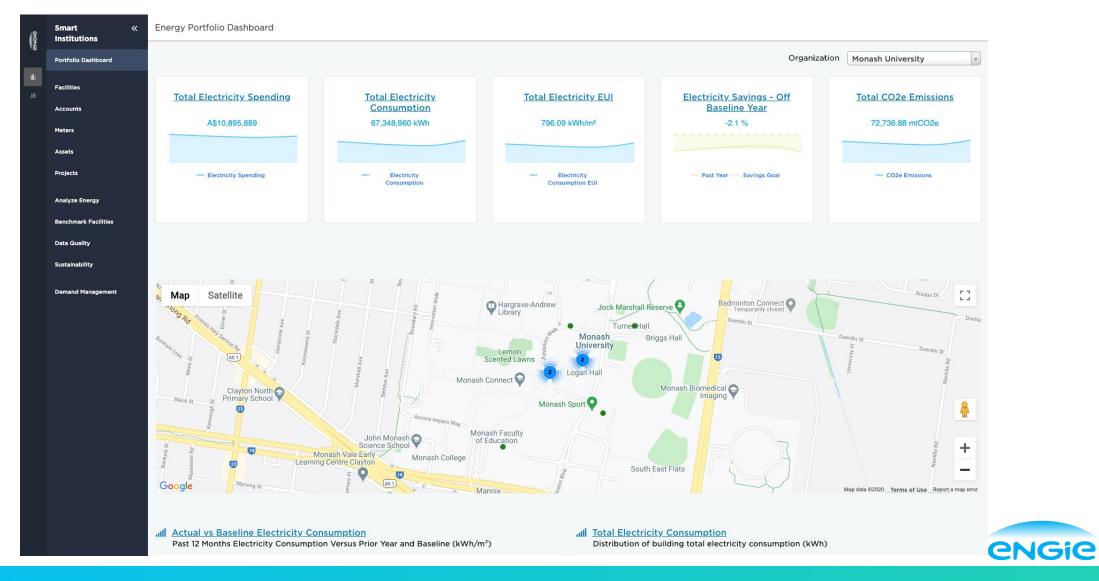
Integrate with existing ecosystem



Campus-level decarbonization



Smart Institutions



Decarbonization is complex

It requires:

- Significant investment
- Mass consolidation of disparate data
- Enterprise-wide stakeholder
 coordination
- Deep understanding of rapidly evolving technologies and market conditions

All amidst increasing pressure from regulators, investors, customers and employees What are our emissions? A single, unified view of GHG data across your value chain – accessible to all

> What should our targets be? Targets built with confidence, context and science

Where should we invest to meet our targets? Actionable, bankable decarbonization pathways for every facet of your business

> Are we on track to our goals? Deep integration between site projects, regional goals and corporate targets

> > How can we improve? Strategic interventions informed by dynamic market data



How do we achieve Net Zero?

8

Build a Robust Baseline



Set data-driven targets

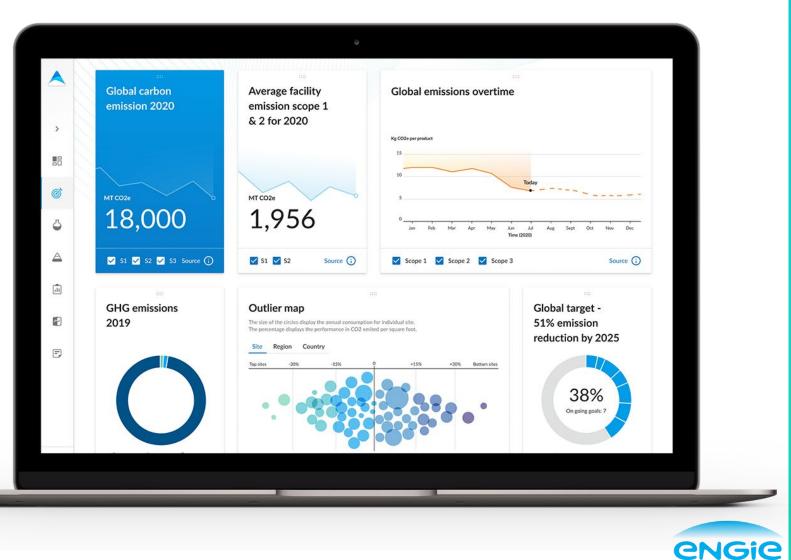
Design least-cost decarbonization pathways

> Track Site Progress to Corporate Goals



Plan Strategic Interventions

Decarbonize Your Value Chain





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